

DTS: Results of an MHD spherical Couette flow experiment

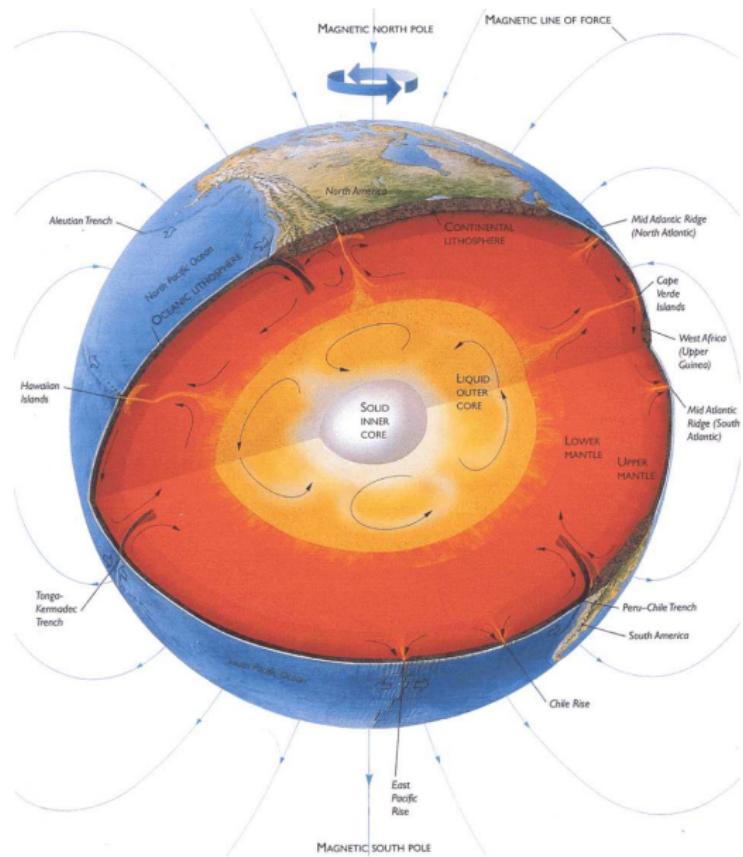
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LGIT, University of Grenoble, France

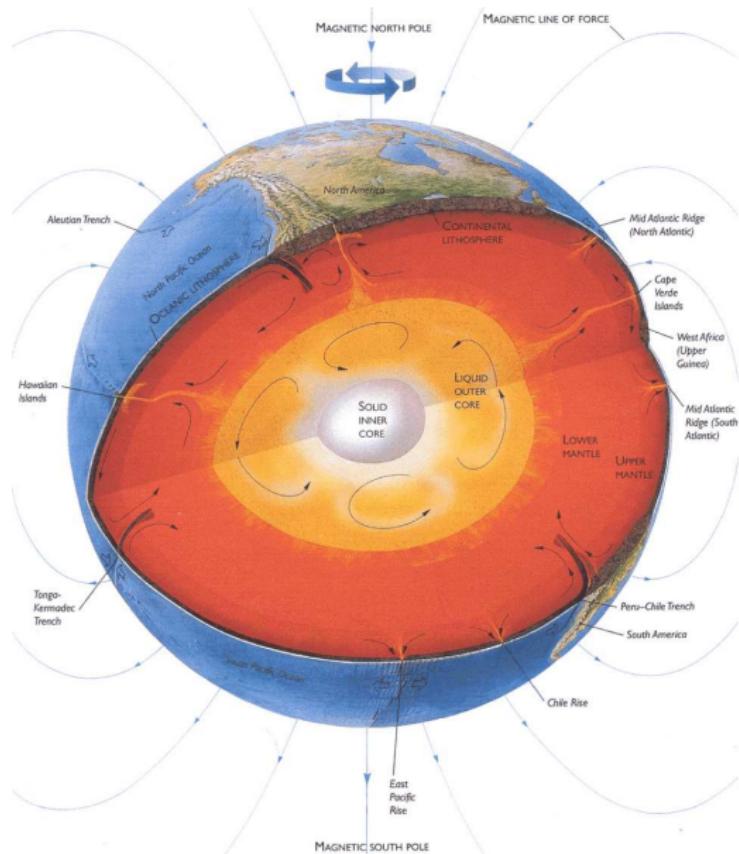
29 june 2006

*Warwick Turbulence Symposium
Instabilities and Turbulence in MHD flows*

The Geodynamo

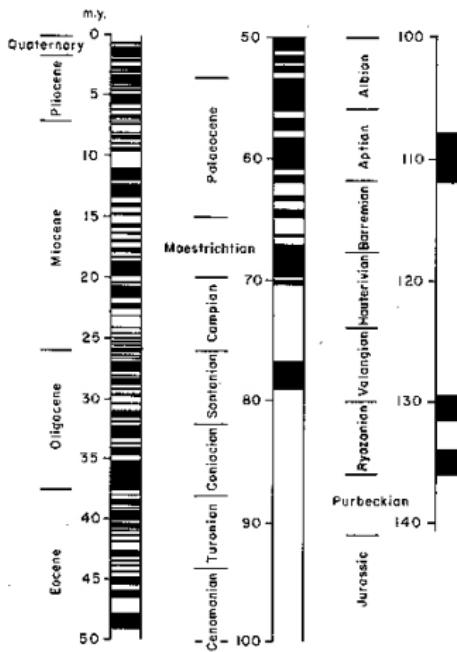
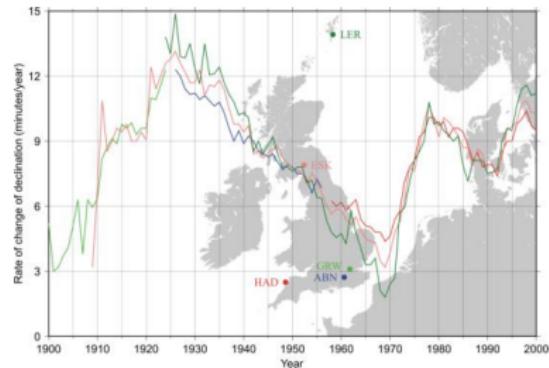
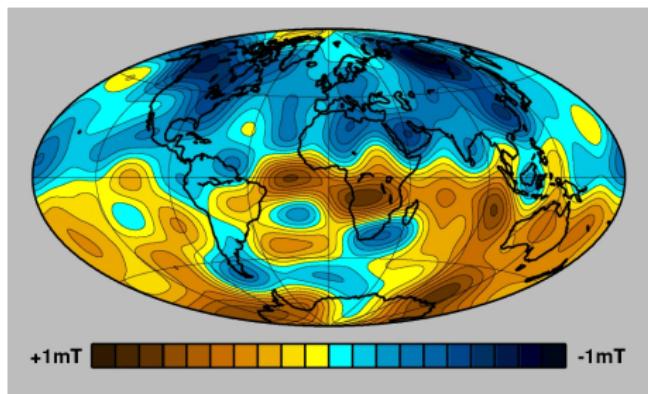


The Geodynamo

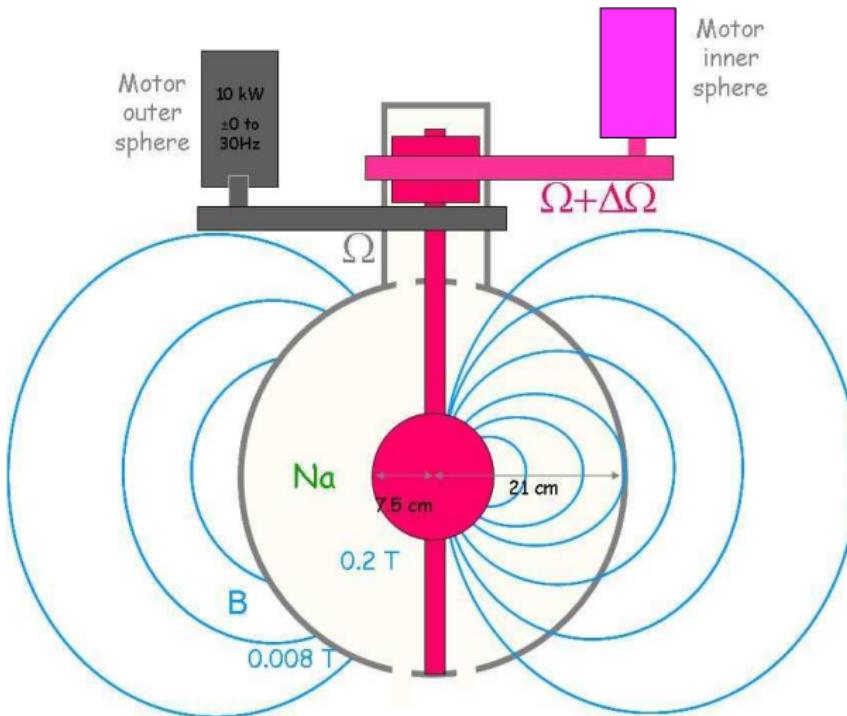


- Self-sustained dynamo
- Strong Lorentz forces
- Strong Coriolis forces
- Small viscosity

Observations



DTS: experimental configuration



- ~ 50 liters Na
- 2×11 kW
- 2000 rpm (33 Hz)
- 130°C
- Stainless steel
- Copper

Objectives

- Demonstration of dynamo action is not an objective

$$Rm = \frac{\Delta\Omega ba}{\eta} \leq 30 \quad (10^3)$$

- Magnetostrophic regime

$$\Lambda = \frac{\sigma B^2}{\rho\Omega} \in [10^{-2}; 10^2] \quad (10^{-1})$$

with very small viscosity

$$Re \sim 10^6 \quad (10^9), \quad E \sim 10^{-7} \quad (10^{-15}), \quad Ha \in [10^2; 10^3] \quad (10^7)$$

- Waves : inertial, Rossby, and Alfvén

$$S \in [0.3; 10] \quad (10^5)$$

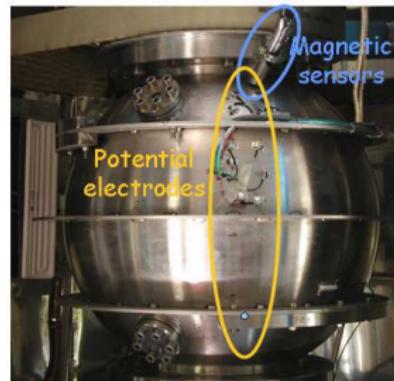
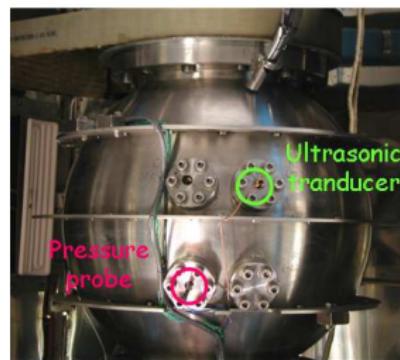
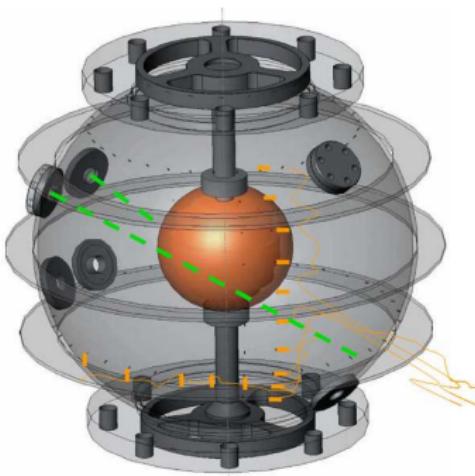
The lab, the team



The lab, the team



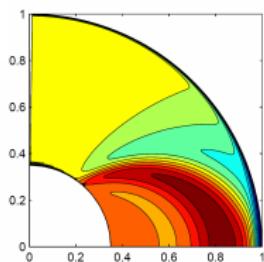
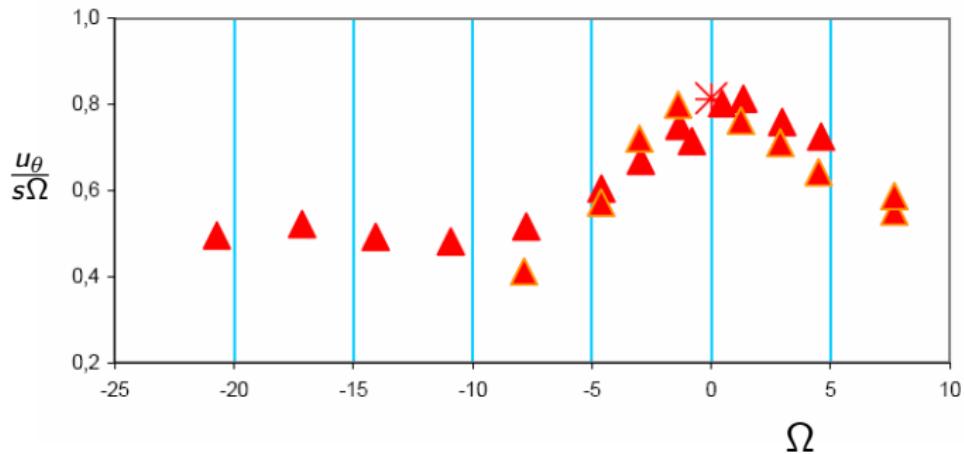
Measurements



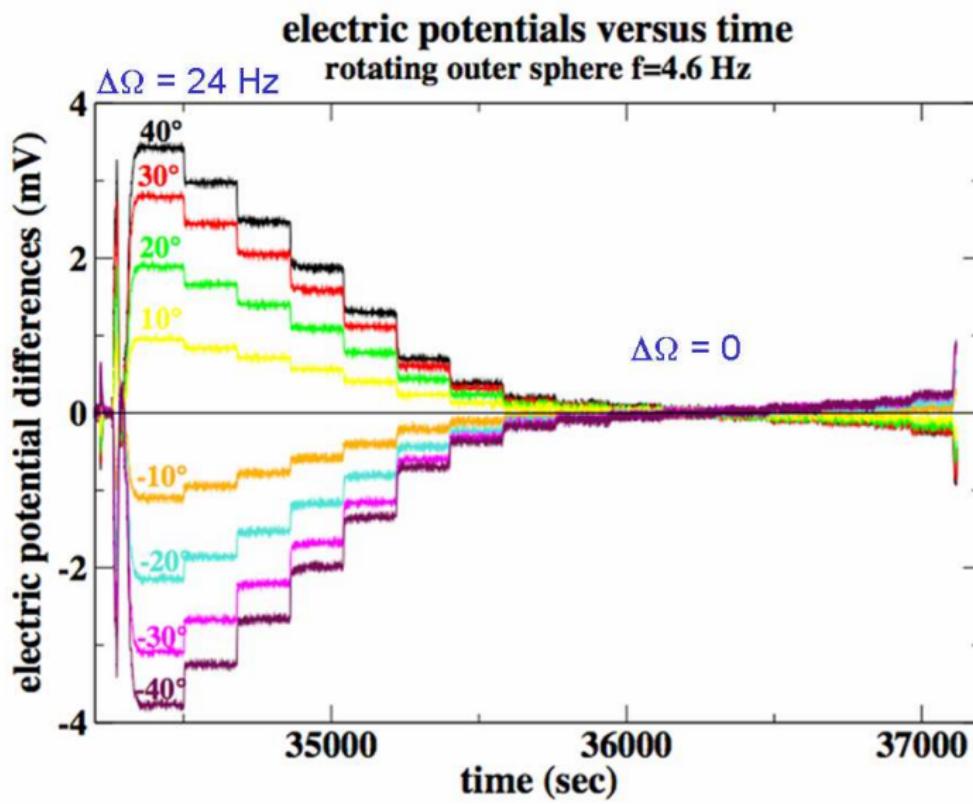
1. Velocity, torque
2. Ultrasound Doppler velocimetry
3. Pressure
4. Electric potential
5. Magnetic field

The mean flow (outer sphere steady)

as indicated by potential differences $u_\theta B_r R \delta\theta \simeq \delta\phi$



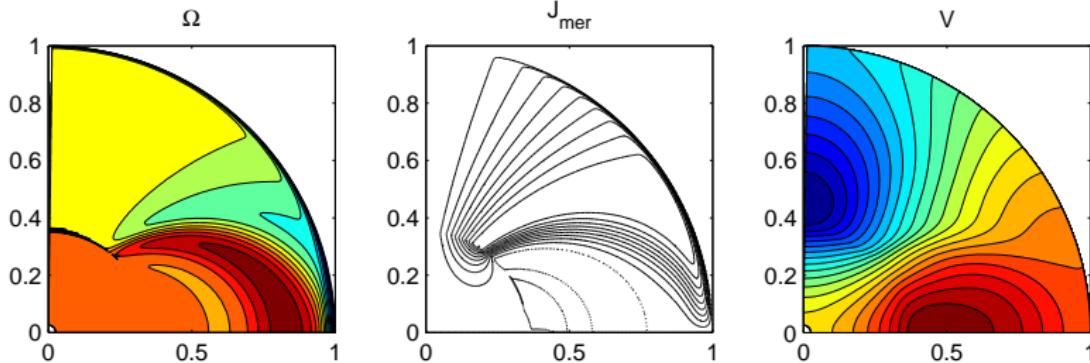
Variation of electric potential differences



Numerical simulations

PARODY numerical code (Dormy, Aubert, Cardin)

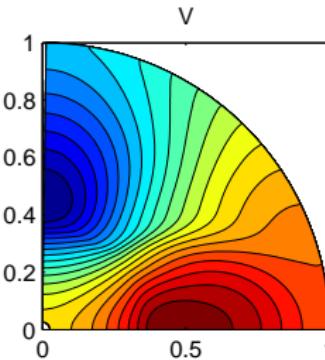
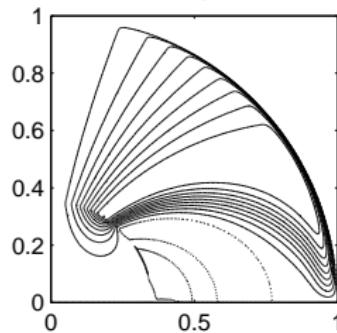
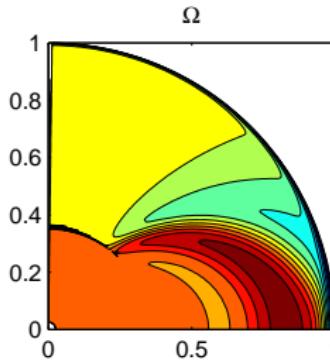
$E=1$ $Re=0.0422$ $Ha=210$ $Pm=1e-05$
 J_{mer}



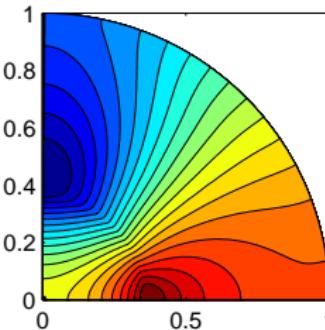
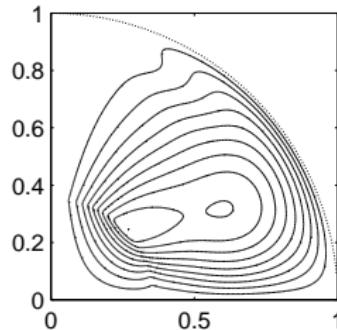
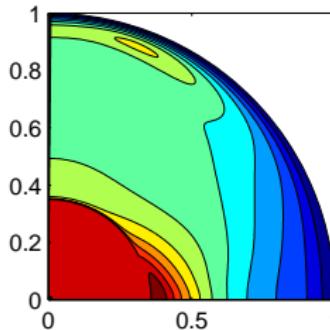
Numerical simulations

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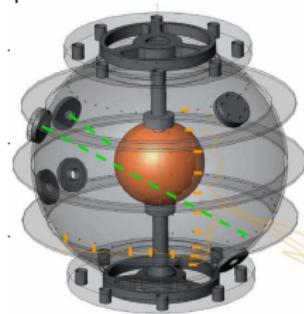
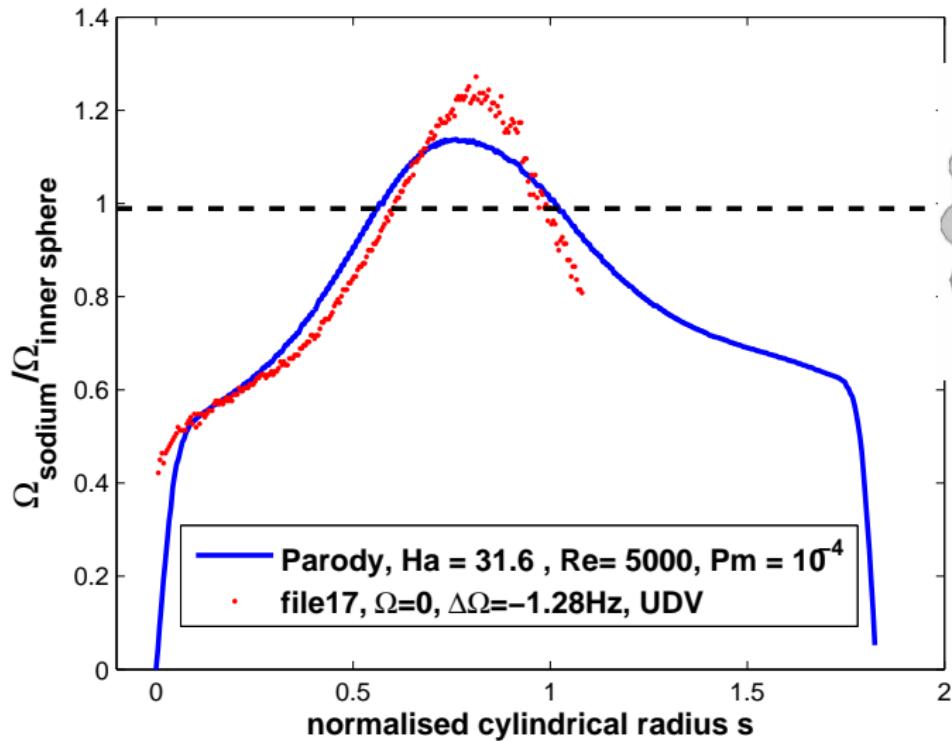
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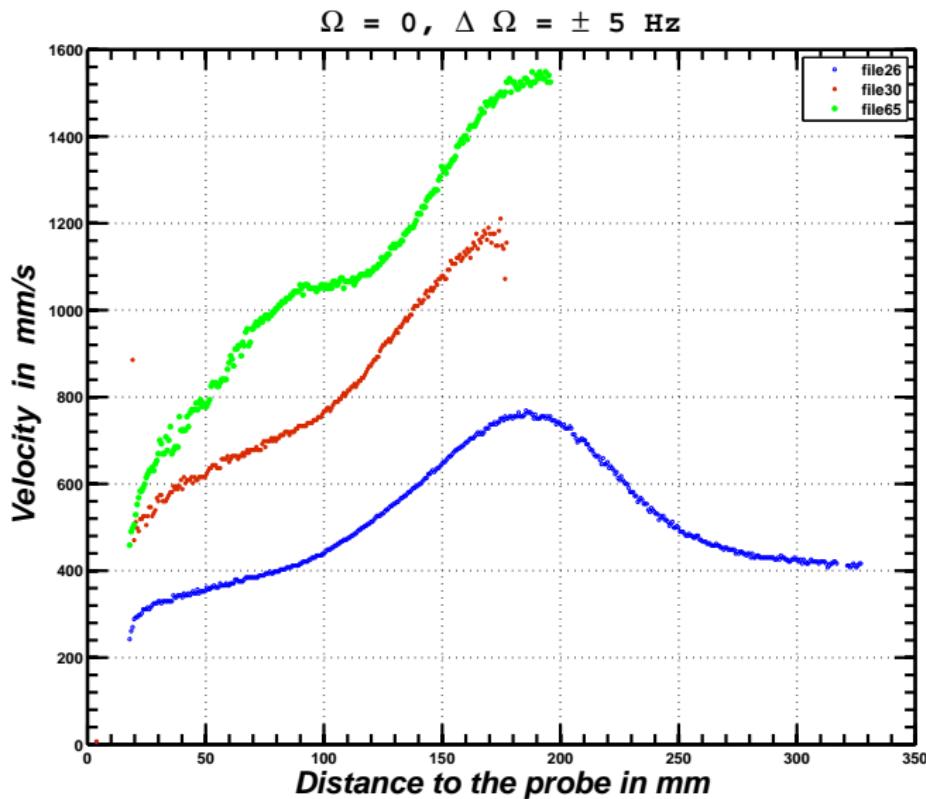
$E=0.001$ $Re=1.06e+03$ $Ha=10$ $Pm=0.001$



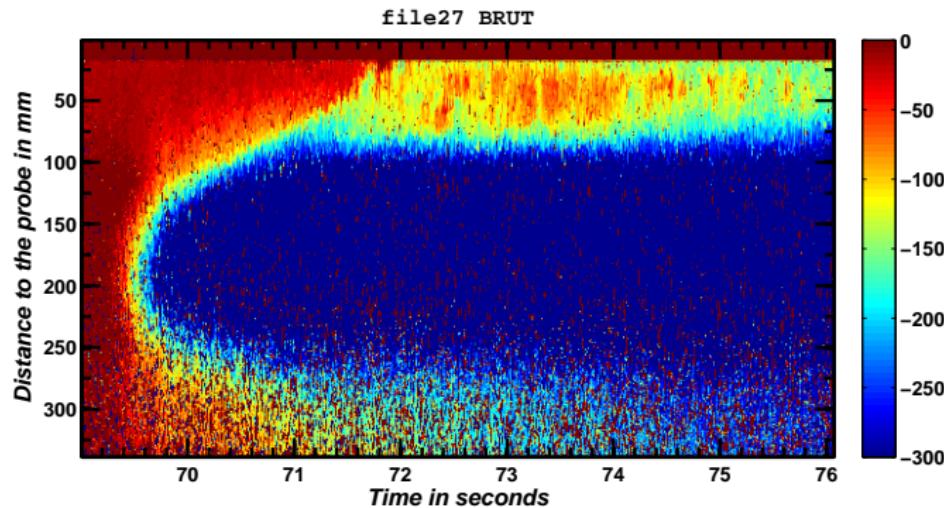
Experimental evidence of super-rotation



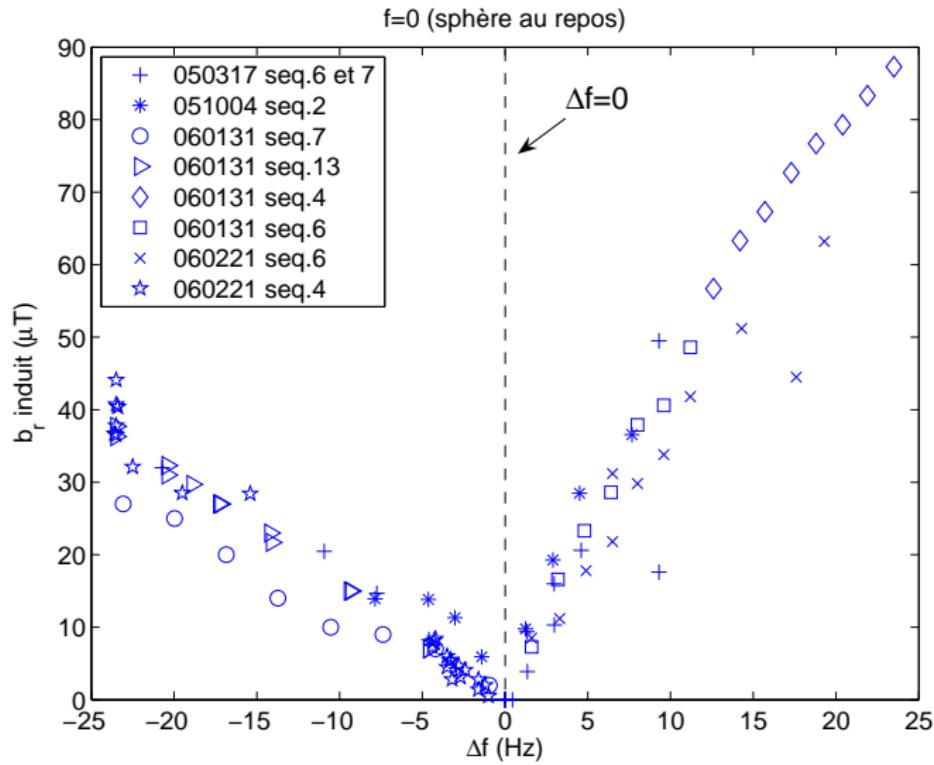
Multiple mean solutions (ultrasonic Doppler)



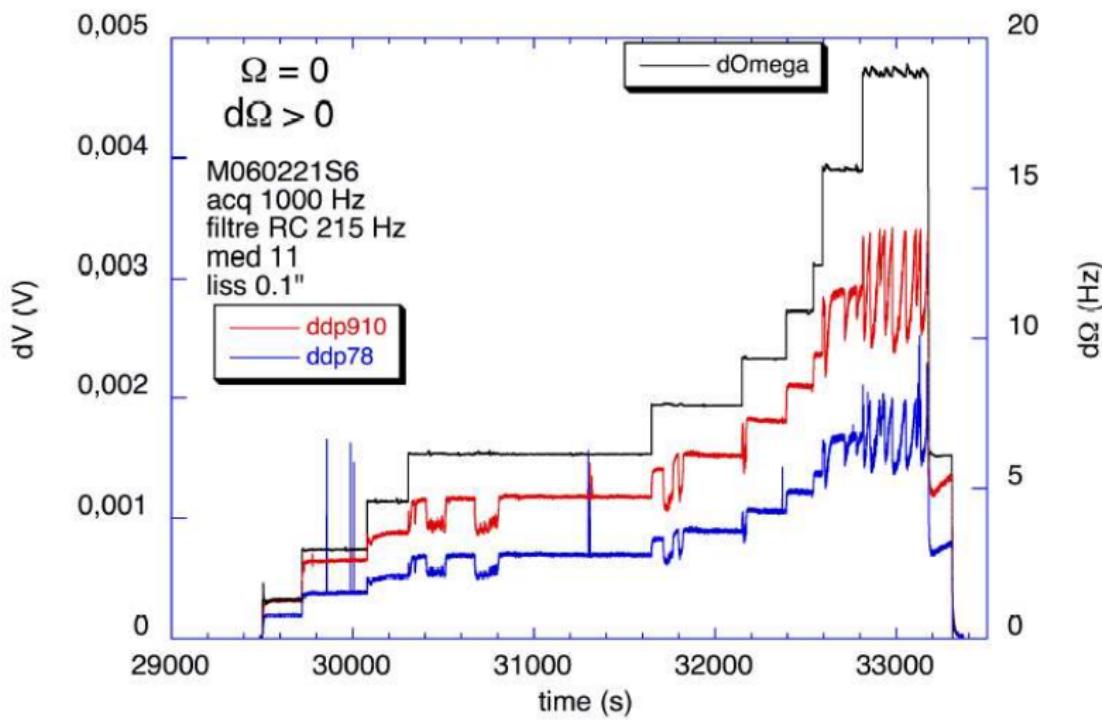
Weak fluctuations (ultrasonic Doppler)



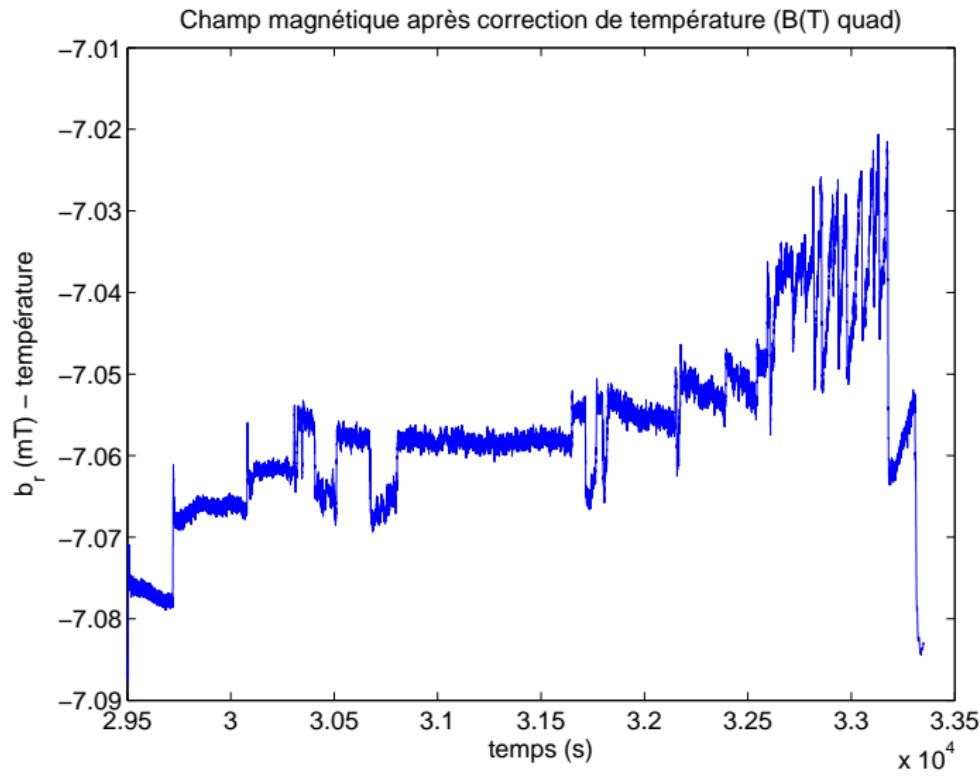
Mean induced magnetic field



Spontaneous jumps (electrical potentials)

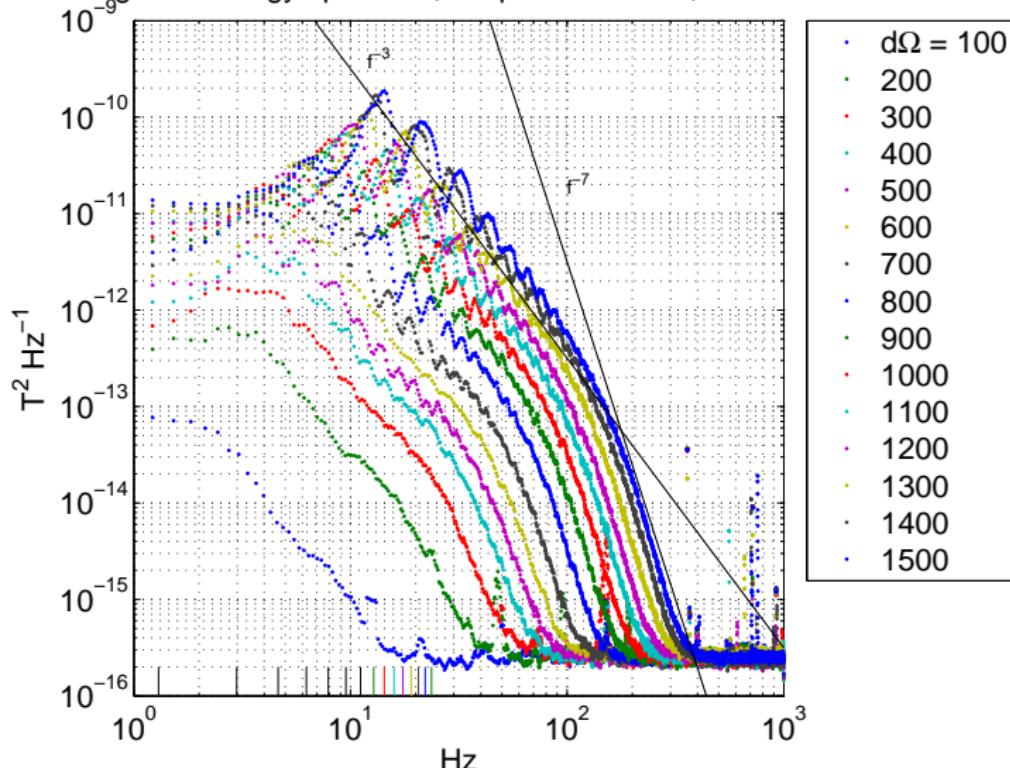


Spontaneous jumps (induced magnetic field)

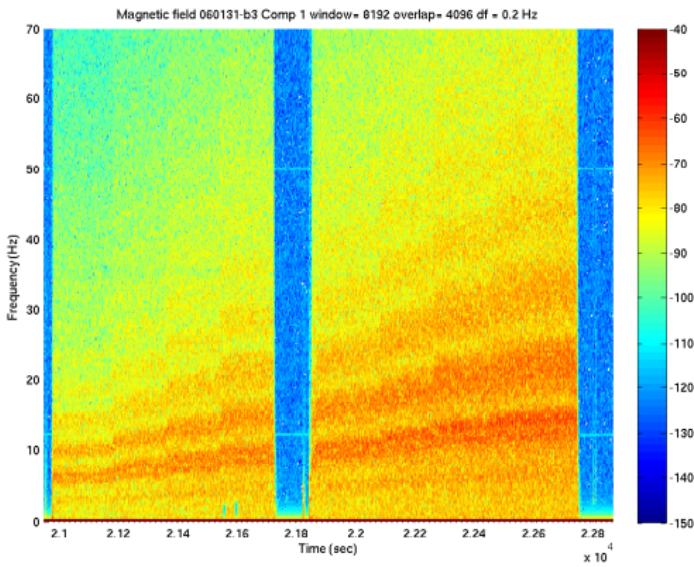
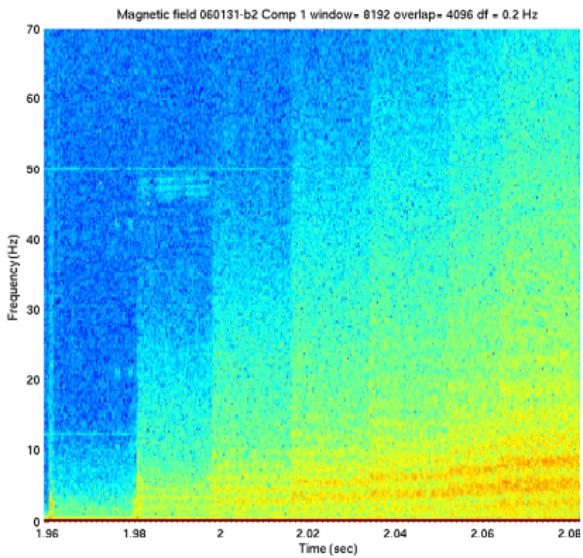


Magnetic energy spectra

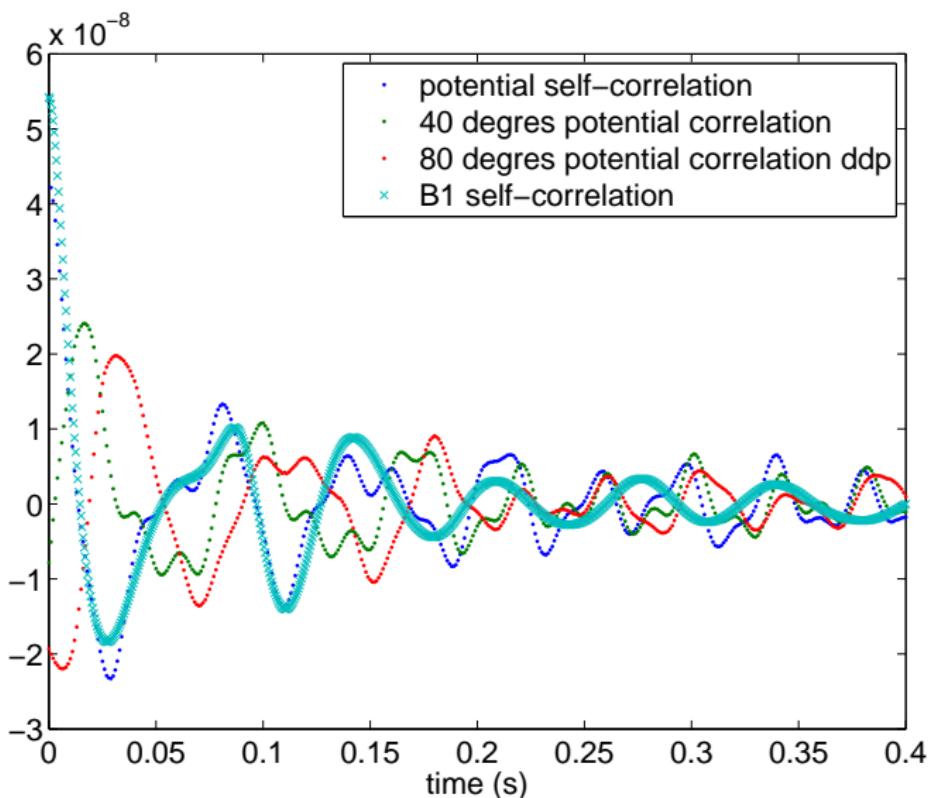
Magnetic energy spectrum, Sequences 2 et 3, 31–01–06



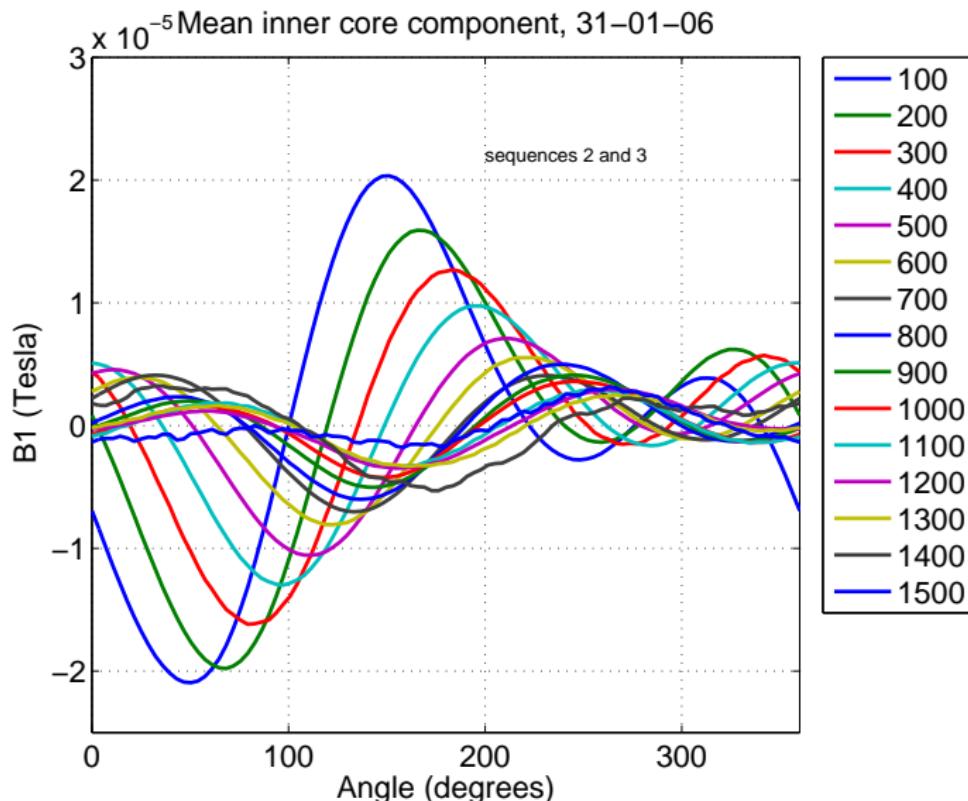
Time-frequency analysis of magnetic signals



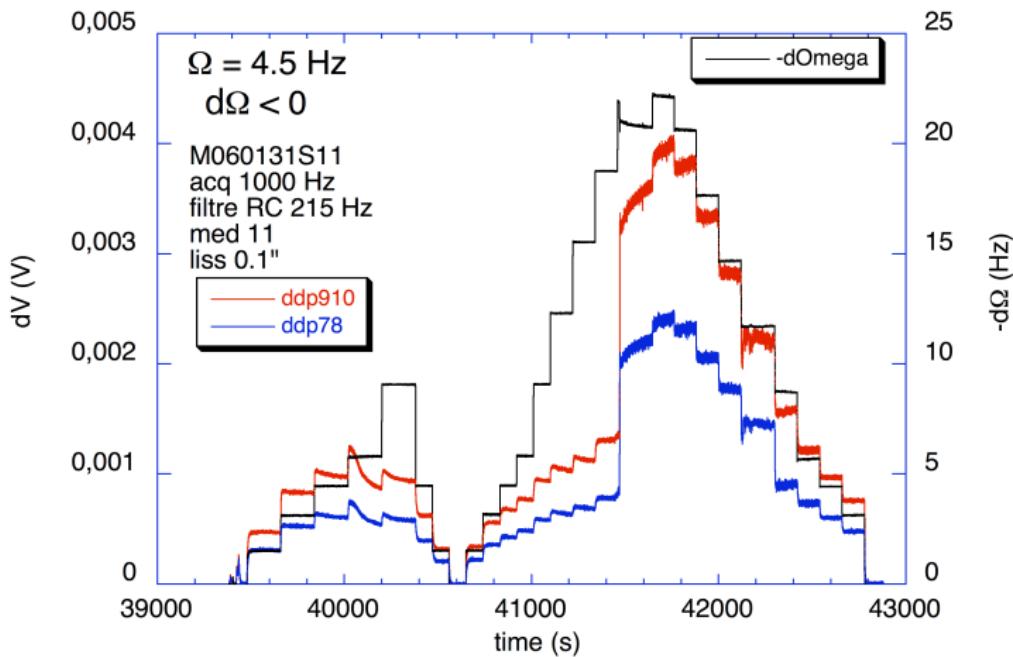
Correlations



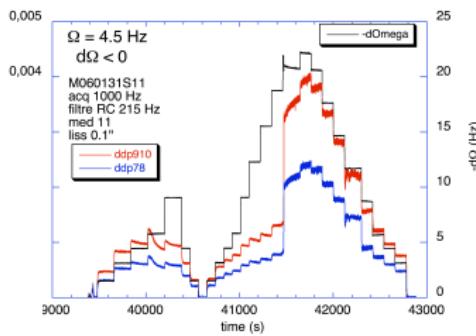
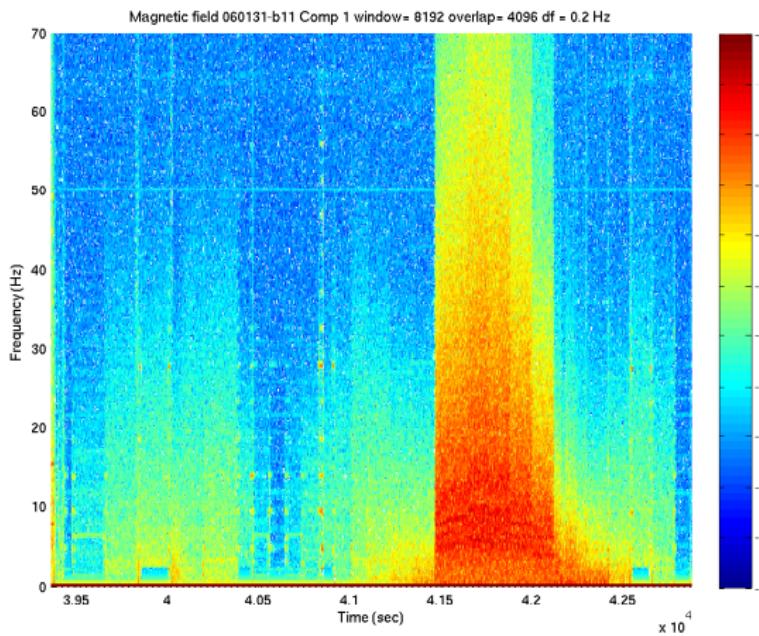
Magnetic expulsion (good use of defects)



Jumps and fluctuations



Jumps and fluctuations



What are the findings?

- Super-rotation at low velocity, in agreement with numerical simulations
- Multiple steady states with small fluctuations (Rossby ?)
- asymmetry between positive and negative rotation
- Propagating waves with steady outer sphere

Perspectives

- Improve global measurements
 - array of magnetic probes
 - magnetic probe inside
 - more ultrasonic paths
- then classify steady regimes
 - have long runs
 - devise of way of selecting a particular regime
- Identify wave motions
 - waves on steady regimes
 - runs with unsteady forcing