

# Square Tilings and the Poisson Boundary

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THE UNIVERSITY OF  
WARWICK

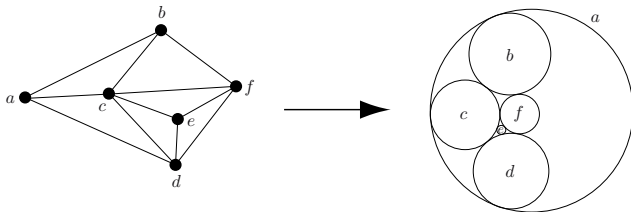
Eurocomb '13

# The circle packing theorem

## The Koebe-Andreiev-Thurston circle packing theorem

*For every finite planar graph  $G$ , there is a circle packing in the plane (or  $S^2$ ) with nerve  $G$ .*

*The packing is unique (up to Möbius transformations) if  $G$  is a triangulation of  $S^2$ .*



# The Riemann mapping theorem

Theorem (Riemann? '1851, Carathéodory 1912)

*For every simply connected open set  $\Omega \subsetneq \mathbb{C}$ ,  $\Omega \neq \emptyset$ , there is a bijective conformal map from  $\Omega$  onto the open unit disk.*

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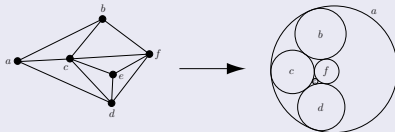
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Theorem (Koebe 1908)

*For every open set  $\Omega \subsetneq \mathbb{C}$ ,  $\Omega \neq \emptyset$  with **finitely many boundary components**, there is a bijective conformal map from  $\Omega$  onto **a circle domain**.*

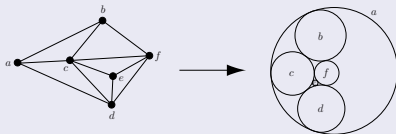
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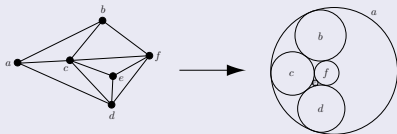
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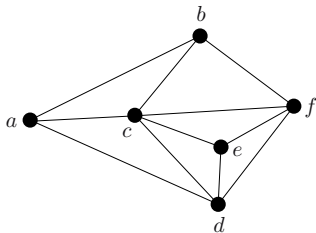
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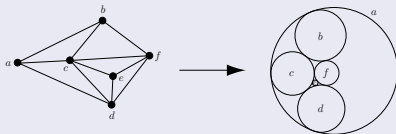


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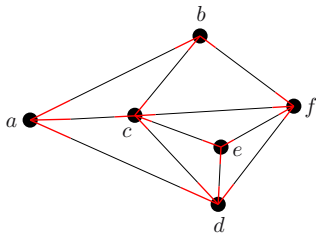


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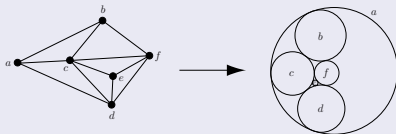
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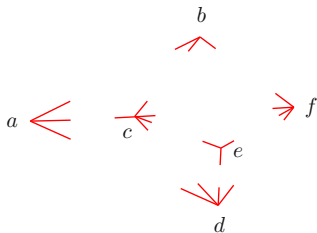


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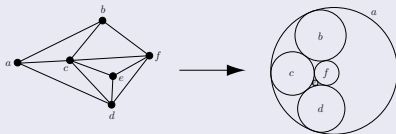


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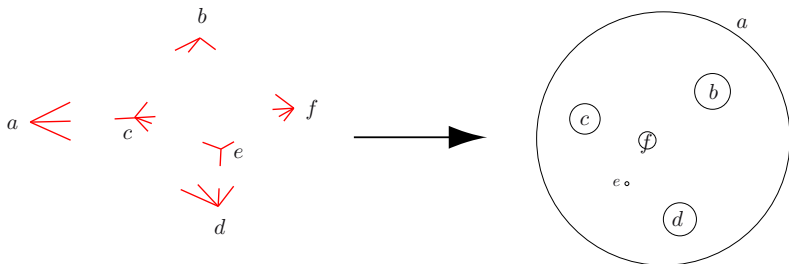


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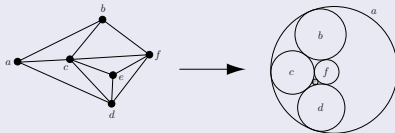


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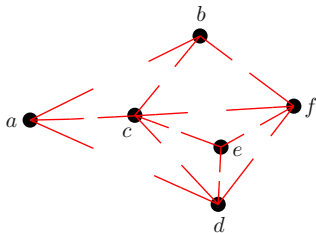


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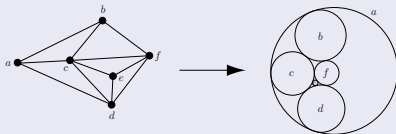


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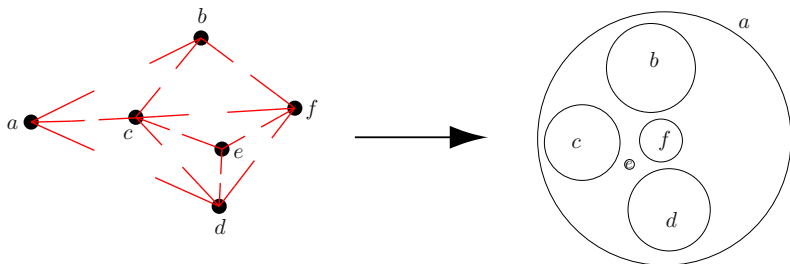


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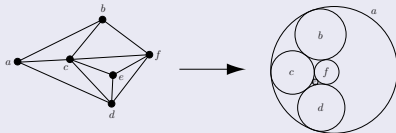


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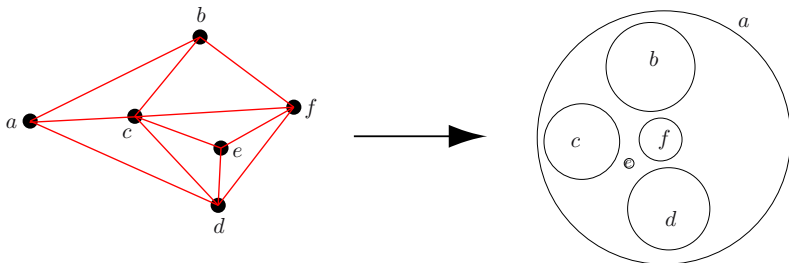


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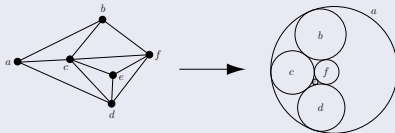


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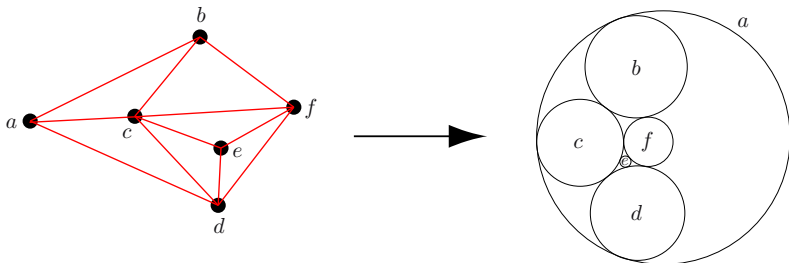


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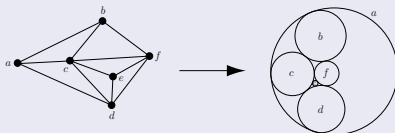


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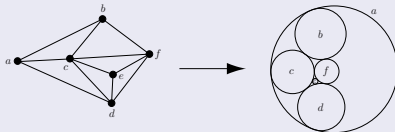
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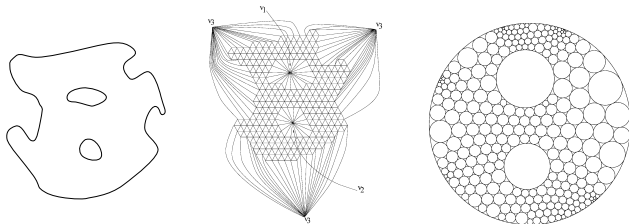
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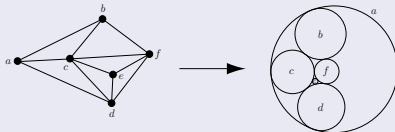
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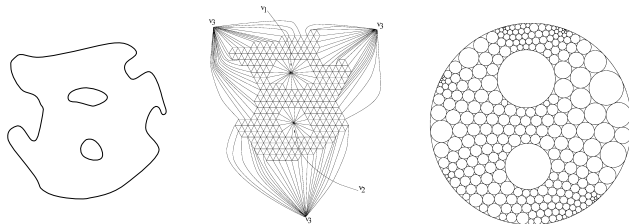


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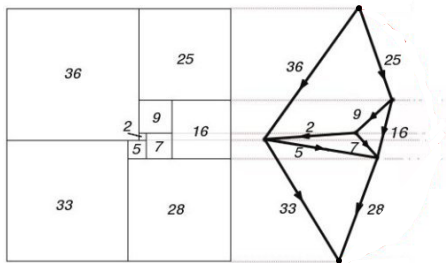


[S. Rohde: "Oded Schramm: From Circle Packing to SLE", '10]

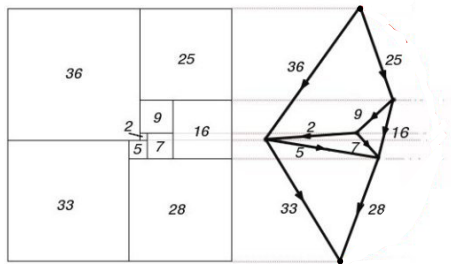
# Square Tilings

Theorem (Brooks, Smith, Stone & Tutte '40)

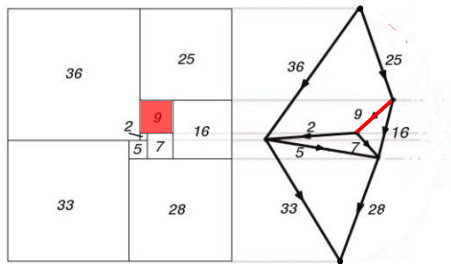
*... for every finite planar graph  $G$ , there is a square tiling with incidence graph  $G$  ...*



# Properties of square tilings

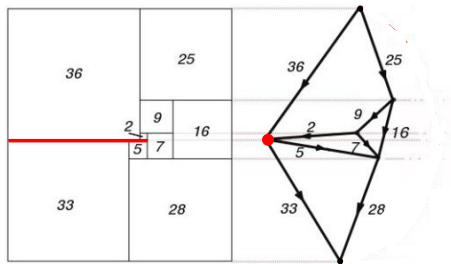


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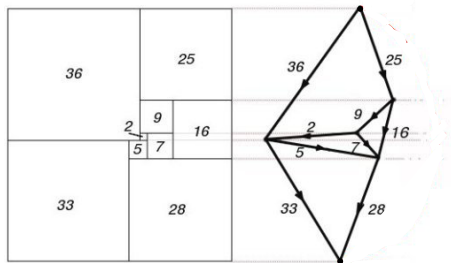
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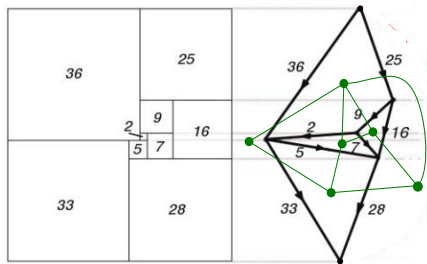
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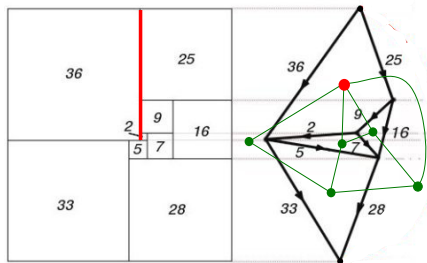
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- the square tiling of the dual of  $G$  can be obtained from that of  $G$  by a  $90^\circ$  rotation.

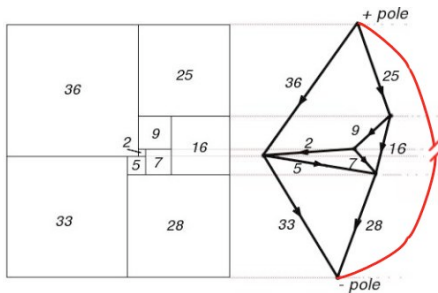
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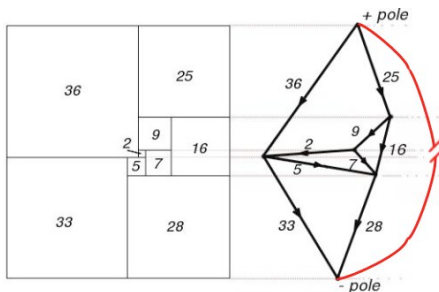


# The construction of square tilings



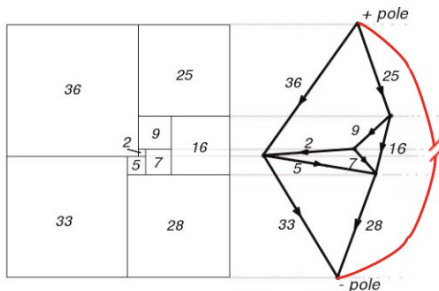
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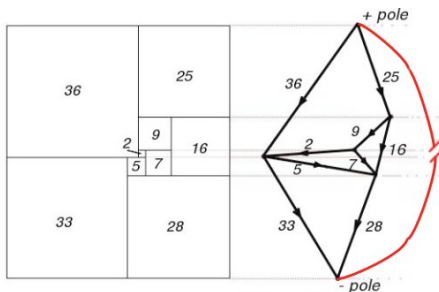
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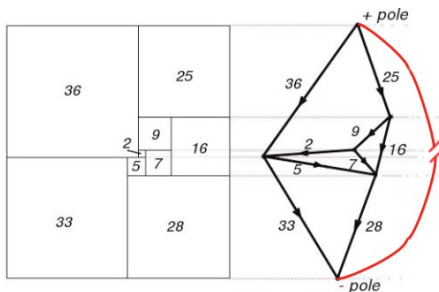
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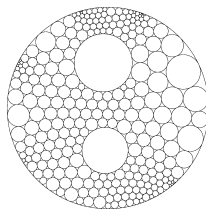
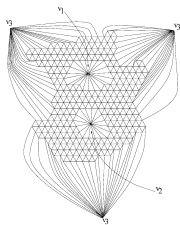
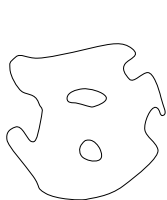
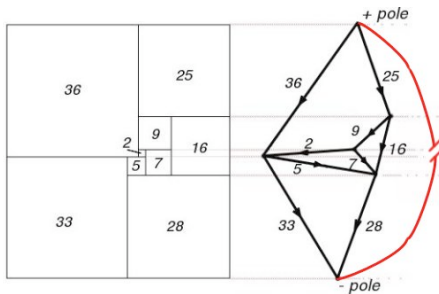
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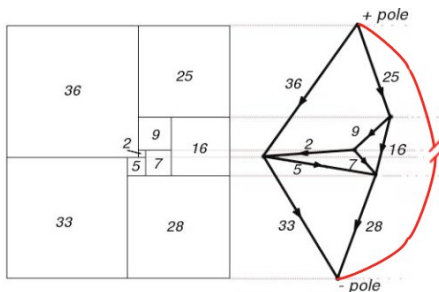


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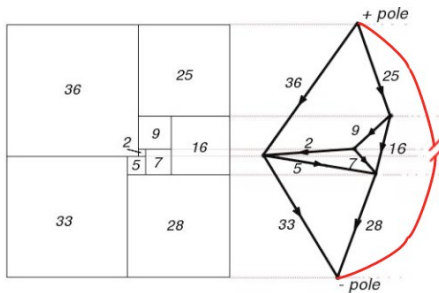


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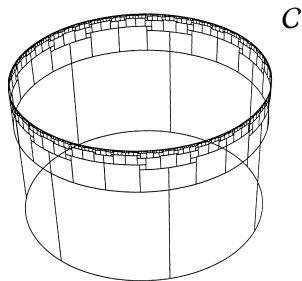
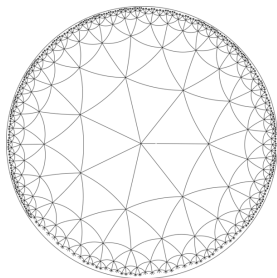
[J. W. Cannon, W. J. Floyd, and W. R. Parry: "Squaring rectangles: The finite Riemann mapping theorem."]



# The square tilings of Benjamini & Schramm

Theorem (Benjamini & Schramm '96)

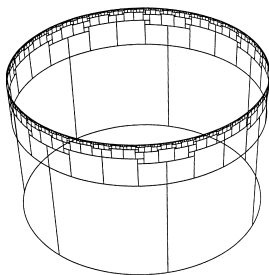
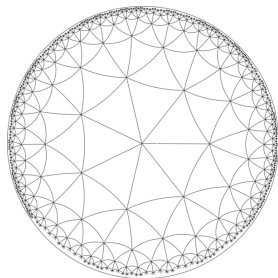
*Every transient (infinite) graph  $G$  of bounded degree that has a uniquely absorbing embedding in the plane admits a square tiling.*



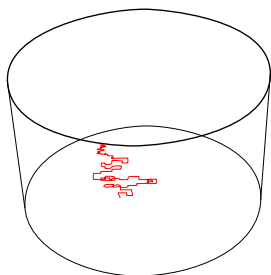
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## Theorem (Benjamini & Schramm '96)

*Every transient (infinite) graph  $G$  of bounded degree that has a uniquely absorbing embedding in the plane admits a square tiling. Moreover, random walk on  $G$  converges a. s. to a point in  $C$ .*



$C$



# The Poisson integral representation formula

The classical Poisson formula

$$h(z) = \int_0^1 \hat{h}(\theta) P(z, \theta) d\theta$$

$$\text{where } P(z, \theta) := \frac{1-|z|^2}{|e^{2\pi i\theta} - z|^2},$$

recovers every continuous harmonic function  $h$  on  $\mathbb{D}$  from its boundary values  $\hat{h}$  on the circle  $\partial\mathbb{D}$ .

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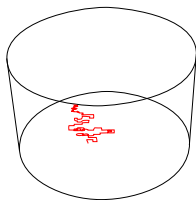
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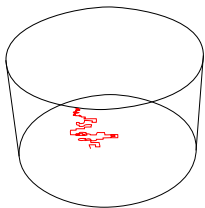
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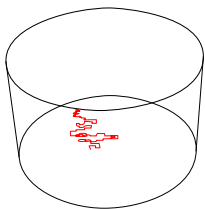
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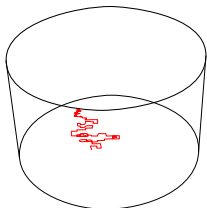
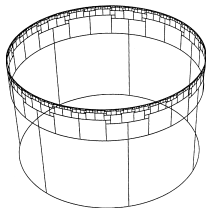
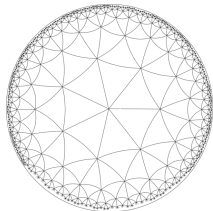


A function  $h : V(G) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  
is **harmonic**, if  $h(x) = \sum_{y \sim x} h(y)/d(x)$ .

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Question (Benjamini & Schramm '96)

*Does the Poisson boundary of every graph as above coincide with the boundary of its square tiling?*

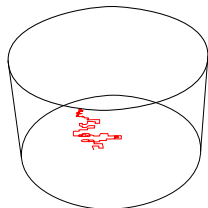
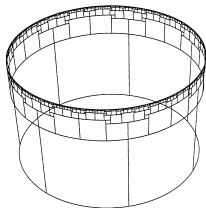
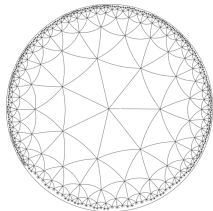




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Theorem (G '12)

**Yes!**



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- this  $\hat{h} \in L^\infty(\mathcal{P}_G)$  is unique up to modification on a null-set;
- conversely, for every  $\hat{h} \in L^\infty(\mathcal{P}_G)$  the function  $z \mapsto \int_{\mathcal{P}_G} \hat{h}(\eta) d\nu_z(\eta)$  is bounded and harmonic.

i.e. there is Poisson-like formula establishing an isometry between the Banach spaces  $H^\infty(G)$  and  $L^\infty(\mathcal{P}_G)$ .

# The Poisson-Furstenberg boundary

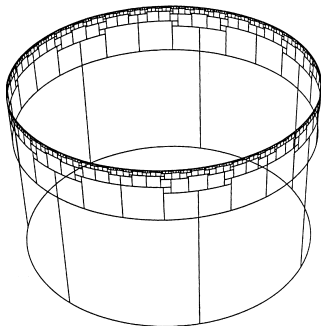
## Selected work on the Poisson boundary

- Introduced by Furstenberg to study semi-simple Lie groups [Annals of Math. '63]
- Kaimanovich & Vershik give a general criterion using the entropy of random walk [Annals of Probability '83]
- Kaimanovich identifies the Poisson boundary of hyperbolic groups, and gives general criteria [Annals of Math. '00]

# The theorem

## Theorem (G '12)

*For every bounded degree graph admitting a square tiling, the Poisson boundary coincides with the boundary of the tiling.*





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- Generalise square tilings to non-planar graphs
- Nice random graphs can be sampled from the (square of the) Poisson boundary of groups

# Summary

